Alzheimer's Blood Test: Physician Fact Sheet

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Overview

- Developer: Fujirebio Diagnostics
- FDA Status: Cleared in May 2025
- Indication: Detects amyloid plaques by measuring pTau217 and beta-amyloid 1-42
- Use: Adjunct to clinical assessment in patients with cognitive symptoms

Who is Eligible for Testing

- Adults ≥ 55 years
- Exhibiting signs or symptoms of cognitive impairment
- Not intended for asymptomatic individuals or general screening

Test Mechanism

- Analytes: pTau217 and beta-amyloid 1-42
- Output: Ratio correlates presence of amyloid plaques
- Turnaround: Laboratory-based analysis

Accuracy

- Validated in 499 participants
- ~92% sensitivity, ~97% specificity vs CSF or PET scans

Clinical Utility

- Less invasive and more accessible than lumbar puncture or PET scan
- Supports diagnosis alongside clinical and cognitive assessment

Limitations

- Not intended for use in isolation
- False positives and negative can occur
- Interpret results with broader clinical context

When to Consider Ordering

- Patient ≥55 with memory loss
- Before more invasive Lumbar Puncture or PET scan
- Asymptomatic screening
- 🔇 Unclear diagnosis after initial work-up

Documentation Tips

- Include cognitive history
- Include cognitive assessment information
- Use results to guide but not replace diagnosis

Additional Resources

- FDA: www.fda.gov/news-events/press-announcements
- Fujirebui: www.fujirebio.com

